Equivalent fractions (1)

1 Shade the bar models to represent the equivalent fractions.

a)

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$

b)

$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$

$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$

c)

$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$

$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10}$

$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{10}$

d)

$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

2 Use the fraction wall to complete the equivalent fractions.

$\frac{1}{2}$				$\frac{1}{2}$			
$\frac{1}{4}$				$\frac{1}{4}$			
$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

a) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{4}$

b) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{8}$

c) $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{\square}$

d) $\frac{2}{8} = \frac{\square}{4}$

e) $\frac{\square}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

f) $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{\square}{4} = \frac{\square}{8}$

3 **a)** Label the fractions on the fraction wall.

1								

b) Use the fraction wall to complete the equivalent fractions.

$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\square}{6} = \frac{3}{\square}$

$\frac{\square}{3} = \frac{4}{\square} = \frac{6}{9}$

$\frac{3}{\square} = \frac{6}{\square} = \frac{9}{\square} = 1$

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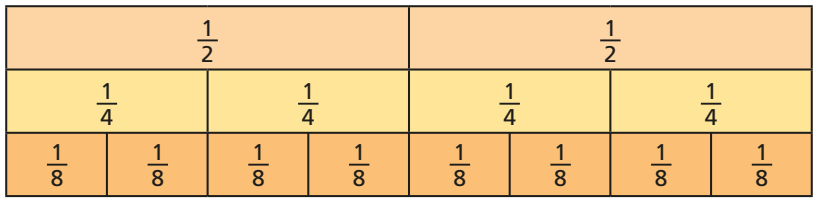
Equivalent fractions (1)

2 Use the fraction wall to complete the equivalent fractions.



a) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{4}$

b) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{8}$

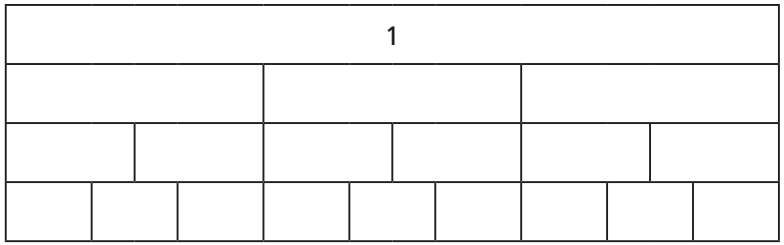
c) $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{\square}$

d) $\frac{2}{8} = \frac{\square}{4}$

e) $\frac{\square}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

f) $\frac{2}{2} = \frac{\square}{4} = \frac{\square}{8}$

3 **a)** Label the fractions on the fraction wall.



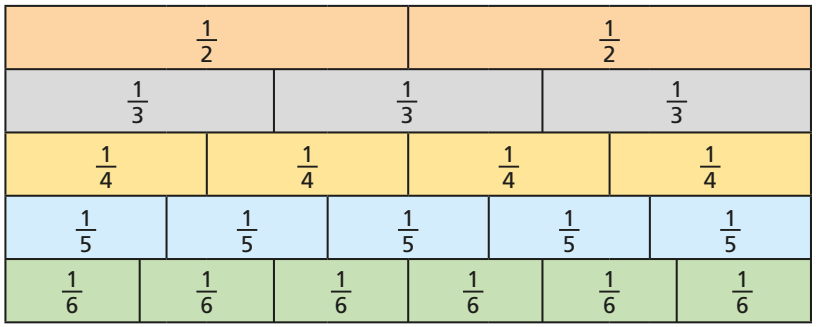
b) Use the fraction wall to complete the equivalent fractions.

$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\square}{6} = \frac{3}{\square}$

$\frac{\square}{3} = \frac{4}{\square} = \frac{6}{9}$

$\frac{3}{\square} = \frac{6}{\square} = \frac{9}{\square} = 1$

4 Here is a fraction wall.



Is each statement true or false?

a) $\frac{1}{2}$ is equivalent to $\frac{3}{6}$

b) $\frac{2}{3}$ is equivalent to $\frac{3}{4}$

c) $\frac{2}{4}$ is equivalent to $\frac{3}{6}$

d) $\frac{2}{3}$ is equivalent to $\frac{4}{5}$

e) $\frac{2}{3}$ is equivalent to $\frac{4}{6}$

f) $\frac{3}{5}$ is equivalent to $\frac{4}{6}$

Write your own equivalent fractions statements.

Ask a partner to say if they are true or false.

5 Are the statements always, sometimes or never true?

Draw a diagram to support your answer.

a) *The greater the numerator, the greater the fraction.*

b) *Fractions equivalent to one half have even numerators.*

c) *If a fraction is equivalent to one half, the denominator will be double the numerator.*

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